

زبان های خارجی گروه: استاندارد- علوم انسانی

جلسه ی ششم

استاد: شعله مرادی

Oxford Practice Grammar





- We often use the present perfect with ever and never:
- Have you ever met a famous person?
- I have *never* met a famous person.
- Subject+ have/has+ ever + past participle
 never

- We can use the present perfect with for and since, to talk about situations or actions in a period of time from the past until now. We use for with a period of time, and since with a point in time.
- I've lived in Shiraz *for* six month.
- I've lived in Shiraz *since* 1989.



Gone and Been

He's been to Paris.(= he is now at home again.)

- he's gone to Paris.(=he is in Paris now.)
- He's been means "he finished his trip."
- He's gone means "he begun his trip."



Present perfect (3) زمان حال کامل صفحه: 33-32 unite:15

• We use *just* with the present perfect to talk about things that happened a short time before now:

A:Could I speak to Jane please?

B:She has just left.

A:Is that a good book?

B:I don't know. I've just started it.

Have/has + just + past participle

Have/has +already+ past participle

• We use *already* with the present perfect to emphasis that something happened before now, before it was expected to happen. We use already like this:

A: do you want something to eat?

B: No thanks, I've already eaten.(=I ate before now)

Nicola: Is Sara going to phone you later?

Robert: No, she's already phoned me.

(= Sara phoned before Nicola expected her to phone.)



We use *yet* with a *negative verbs* to say that something has not happened, but we think that it will happen:

- The post hasn't arrived yet. (=the post has not arrived, but it probably will arrive.)
- I haven't finished this work yet.(= I haven't finished this work, but I will finish it.)
- They haven't replied to my letter yet.



We use yet:

- We use yet with a *negative verbs* to say that something has not happened, but we think that it will happen:
- The post hasn't arrived yet.(=the post has not arrived, but it probably will arrive.)
- I *haven't* finished this work *yet.*(= I haven't finished this work, but I will finish it.)
- They haven't replied to my letter yet.

- We use yet in *questions* to ask whether something that we expect to happen has happened:
- Have you paid the bill yet?

(=perhaps you have not paid the bill, but you are going to pay it soon.)

Has it stopped raining yet?

(=perhaps it has not stopped raining, but it will stop raining soon.)



DUE for Session 7:

دانشکده فنی و حرفه ای الزهرا شیراز

• Unite 14:

Practice A-B-C-D

• Unite 15:

Practice A-B

• Answer:

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